RESEARCH FOR COMPETITION RELATIONS BETWEEN THE Festuca arundinacea Schreb. and Trifolium pratense L. SPECIES CULTIVATED IN SIMPLE MIXTURES

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Abstract

Purpose of research carried out in 2022 at Ezăreni Farm (47°05'-47°10 ' North latitude and 27°28'-27°33' Eastern longitude) belonging to the Iași University of Life Sciences, was to analyze the competitiveness of the species *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. and *Trifolium pratense* L., grown alone or in simple mixtures, under different conditions of fertilization with complex mineral fertilizers, under the climatic conditions from Moldavian Forrest Steppe. The studied factors were: species or mixture of grasses and perennial legumes, with 5 graduations, respectively a₁ - *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. (100%); a₂ - *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. (75%) and *Trifolium pratense* L. (25%); a₃ - *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. (50%) and *Trifolium pratense* L. (50%); a₄ - *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. (25%) and *Trifolium pratense* L. (75%); a₅ - *Trifolium pratense* L. (100%) and fertilization with mineral fertilizers, with 5 graduations, respectively b₁ - unfertilized, b₂ - N₅₀P₅₀; b₃ - N₇₅P₇₅; b₄ - N₁₀₀; b₅ - N₁₅₀P₁₅₀. In the second year of vegetation, the RYT index (Relative Yield Total) recorded values >1, except for variants fertilized with N₁₅₀P₁₅₀, showing that the *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. and *Trifolium pratense* L. species competes for the same vegetation factors, and the CR index for the *Festuca arundinacea* Schreb. species was higher than in the case of the *Trifolium pratense* L. species only at a percentage of participation in the mixture of 75%, under fertilization conditions, in which case the species was more competitive.

Key words: mixture percentage, fertilization, RYT (Relative Yield Total), CR (Competition Rate)