

Abstract

This paper deals with changes in indicators of quality physical-chemical, selected to present the main environmental impact of existing pressures in the Trotsu River. For a more accurate assessment of the Trotsu River water quality there is required a monitoring and a physico-chemical verification of the indicators not to exceed the quality standards. The Trotsu River water quality is influenced by the presence of factors in the area, through accidental leakage of oil products and water intrusion that indicate the presence of a high level of salinity. On the basis of monitoring concentrations carried out to set indicators, their evolution in time, grade in which fit over the water. They determined with statistics program by analysing and interpreting the values of the parameters or values determine the standard of reference. The main use of water originating from the Trotsu River basin is the water supply of the population, a percentage of the industry declined and the irrigated areas. Because the water of the rivers is vulnerable to pollution sources, in particular the collection of domestic and industrial waste water is needed in the monitoring of bodies of water. As a result of statistical analysis, Trotsu river water quality in the upper category I corresponds to quality, and as a result of insufficient purified waste water collection, water quality degrades River and falls within category II of the quality. In the section control, water quality downstream Adjut Trotsu River falls within category III of the quality. Trotsu River has particular importance due to the presence of mineral and ensuring water supply of the population.

Key words: water quality monitoring, water pollution, pollution sources